MIT STEP/TEA



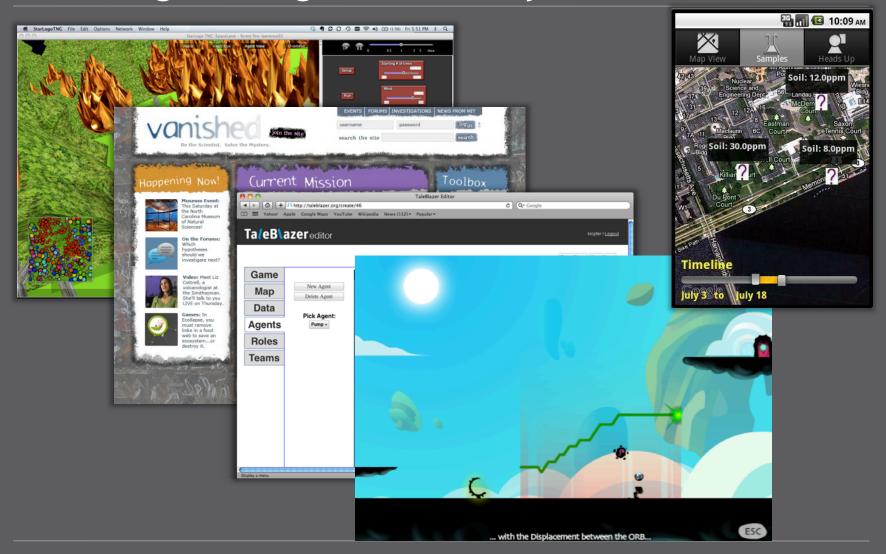
Learning Games Are Hard Fun

ERIC KLOPFER: MIT SCHELLER TEACHER EDUCATION PROGRAM (STEP) | THE EDUCATION ARCADE (TEA) | LEARNING GAMES NETWORK (LGN) | CMS, MEDIA LAB & ESD AFFILITATIONS

STEP/TEA Pedagogical Frameworks

- What kind of learning environments?
 - Create highly engaged, motivated students
 - Provide immersive environments, relevant problems
 - Facilitate collaborative, project-based learning
 - Game-like, active, "Hard Fun"
 - A teacher heard one child using these words to describe the computer work: "It's fun. It's hard..." I have no doubt that this kid called the work fun because it was hard rather than in spite of being hard. [S. Papert, 2002]
 - Applicable to formal and informal settings, extending learning beyond walls of the school, beyond hours of the school-day

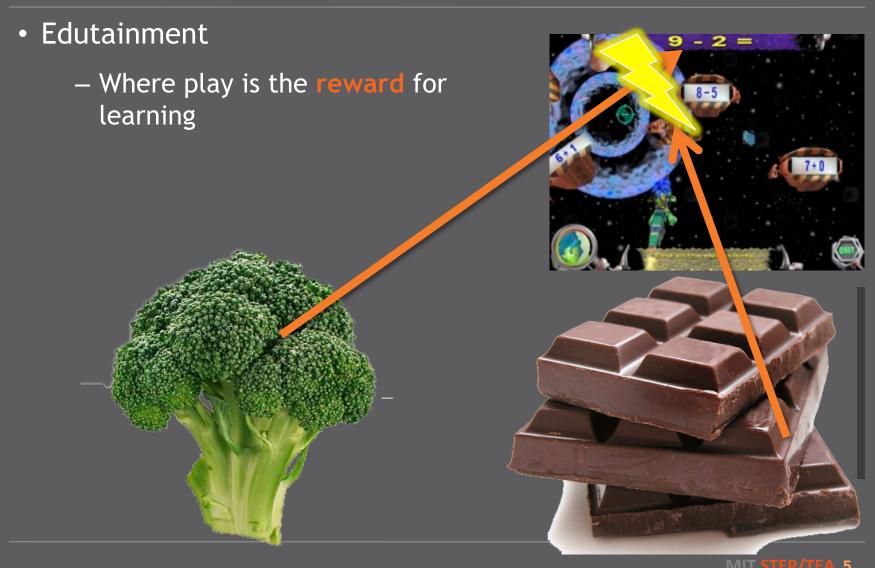
Learning Through Game Play and Creation



Games? Learning?



The Legacy of Math Blaster

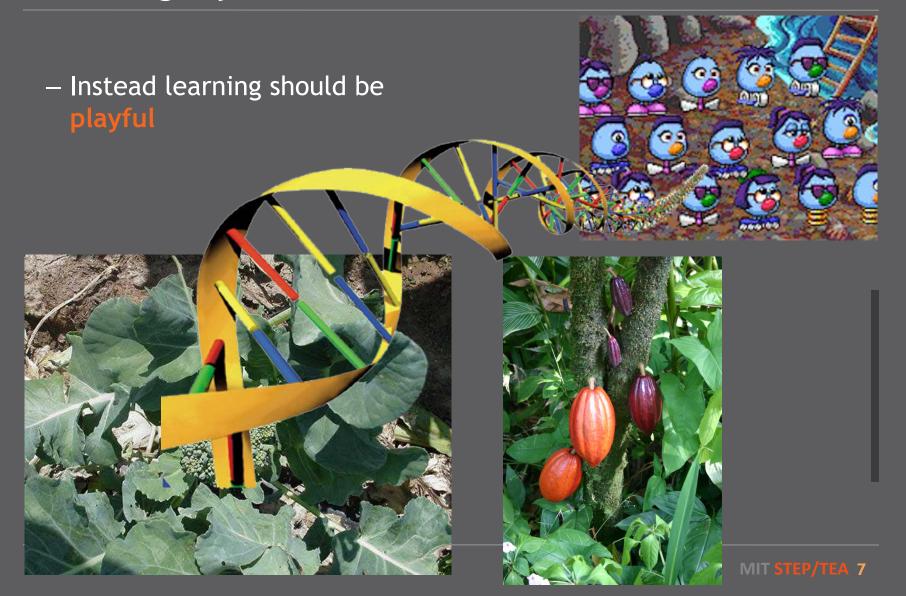


The Legacy of Math Blaster

- Edutainment
 - Gets kids to eat broccoli
 - But doesn't promote healthy eating
 - What happens when the chocolate goes away?



The Legacy of Math Blaster



The Joy of Gaming?



The Joy of Gaming = Hard Fun



Feedback?

• How can we provide more feedback?





Feedback

- When should we provide feedback?
 - Frequency and response type











Gamification Everywhere

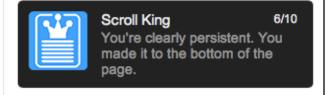
r. Zichermann said. "We use game concepts to get them to focus on things."

fits that description. After graduating from high school, Mr. Kroll said, he was overweight, living at home and playing World of Warcraft at least six hours a rned things around after starting to work out at a gym regularly with the help of op on his iPhone called Fitocracy, in which badges are awarded by a robot ed.

who has lost about 75 pounds, says he plays video games less frequently now, enjoys the gamelike challenges that the app sets for him at the gym. He said the him "the same satisfaction of getting points and leveling up" that he gets from

der and her 9-year-old daughter, Emma, also know how well embracing games Ms. Snawder signed up for a service called Zamzee to encourage Emma to be ically active.

it the day, Emma wears a small motion sensor that records her activity level and

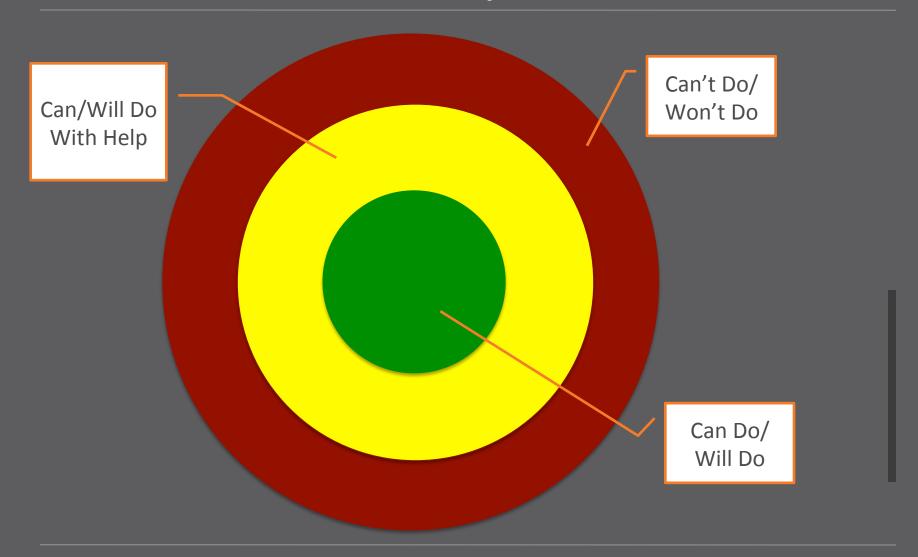


Learning Goals?

- Cognitive Skills
- Non-cognitive skills
 - Persistence
 - Grit
- Metacognitive skills
 - Reflection
 - Abstraction



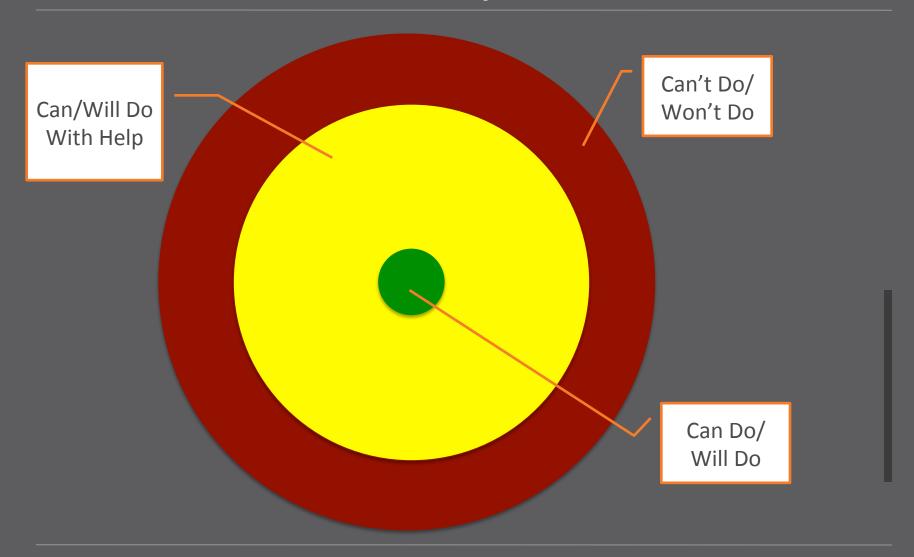
Zone of Proximal Development



Vygotsky

MIT STEP/TEA 14

Zone of Proximal Development



The Fun of Structure

Structured, goal-oriented, feedback-driven can be fun



In games we willingly submit to arbitrary rules and structures in pursuit of mastery, but only if we can continue to be playful.

The Fun of Structure

Structured, goal-oriented, feedback-driven can be fun

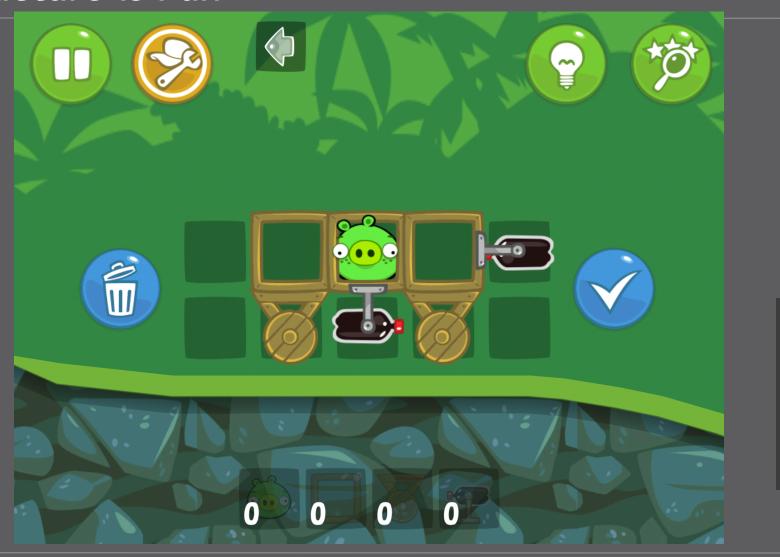


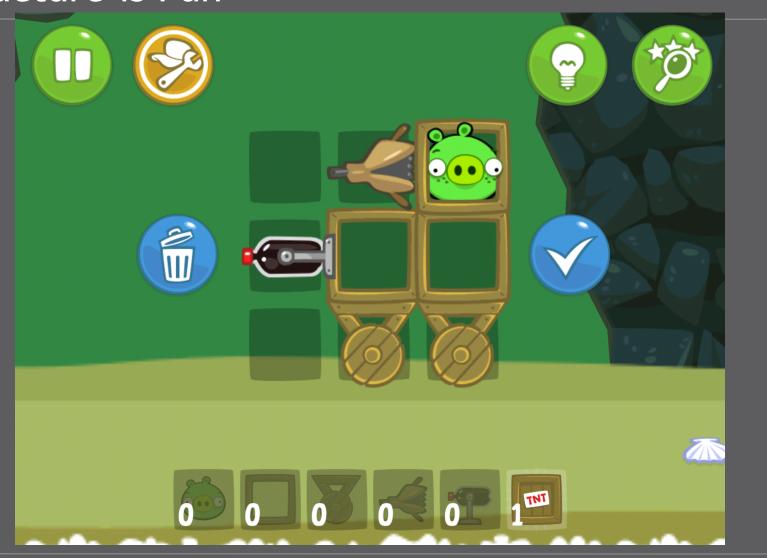
In games we willingly submit to arbitrary rules and structures in pursuit of mastery, but only if we can continue to be playful.







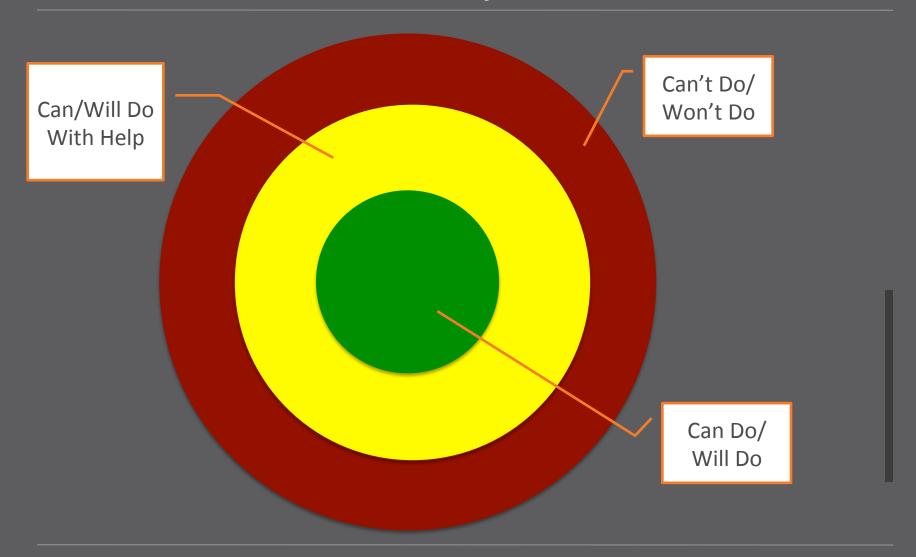




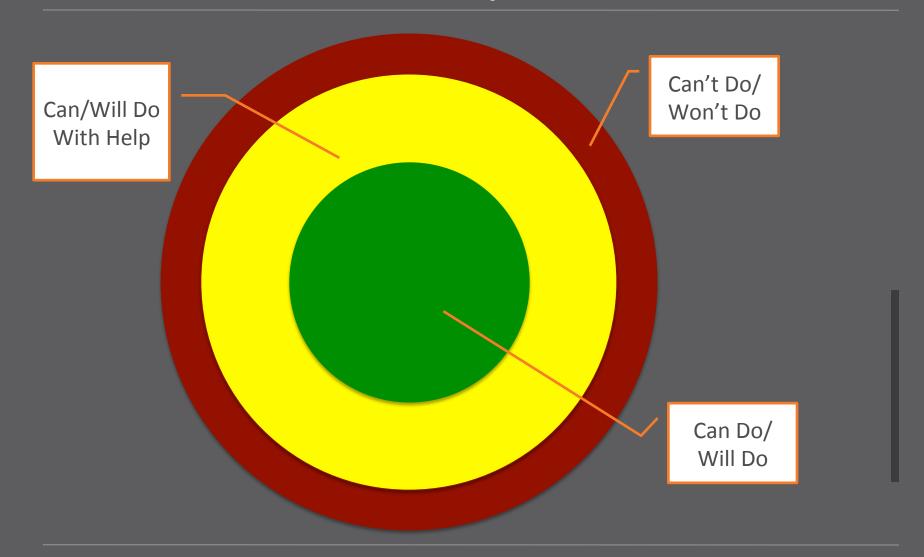




Zone of Proximal Development



Zone of Proximal Development



Making Real Learning Games

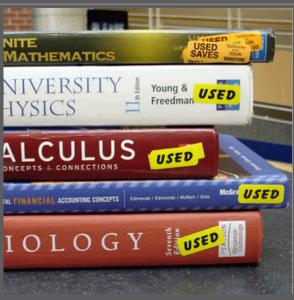
- New technologies and pedagogies can create learning opportunities that are simultaneously fun and playful
- Not just a superficial candy coating, they are linked at the deepest levels
- Games can engage players in learning that is specifically applicable to "schooling"



Ecology of School







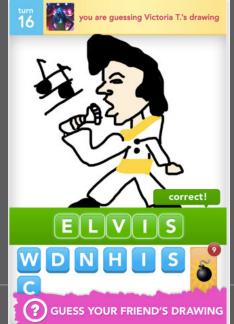


Mobile Social Games



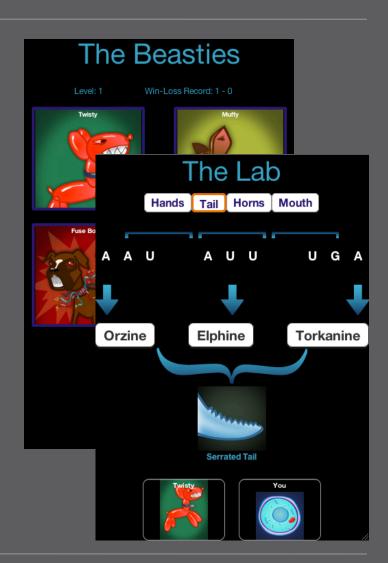






UbiqGames

- Designed for the Mobile Web
- Paced to encourage short and frequent game play
- Played in the "interstitial" spaces in school
- Connected to specific class learning goals through curriculum





The UbiqBio Project

- A two-year NIH-funded research study
- Four standards-based UbiqGames
- Designed to promote deep learning and strong engagement for intro biology students
- Played primarily during outside-of-class time
- Used in-class time to synthesize and discuss concepts
- Includes Teacher Portal to track student/class progress









UbiqBio Games



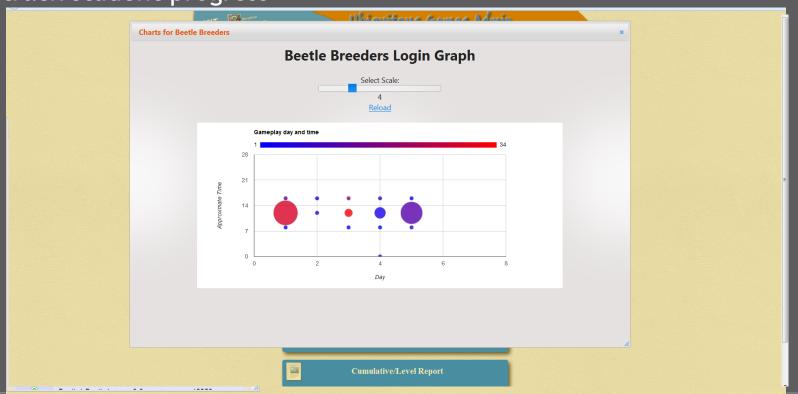
Responsive Design



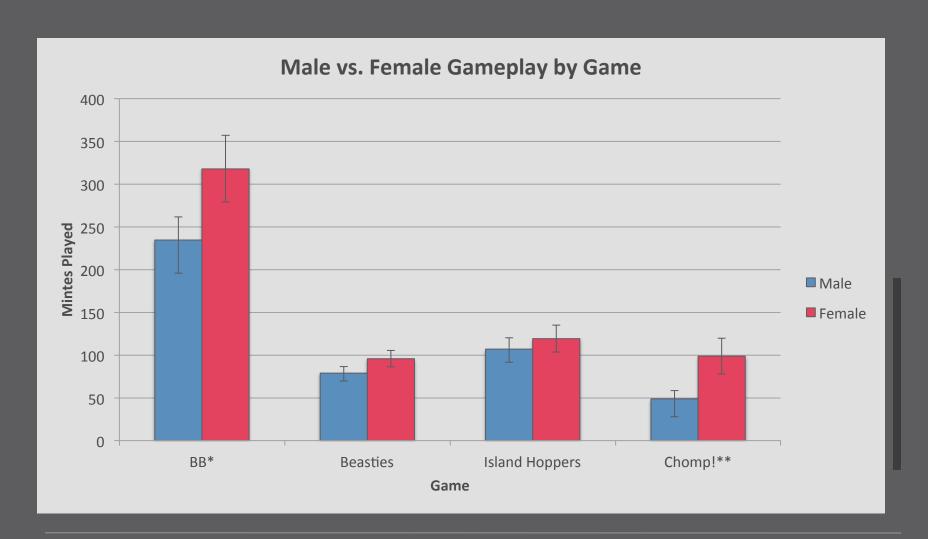
Teacher/Researcher Portal

- Teachers
 - create class rosters
 - observe game play
 - track student progress

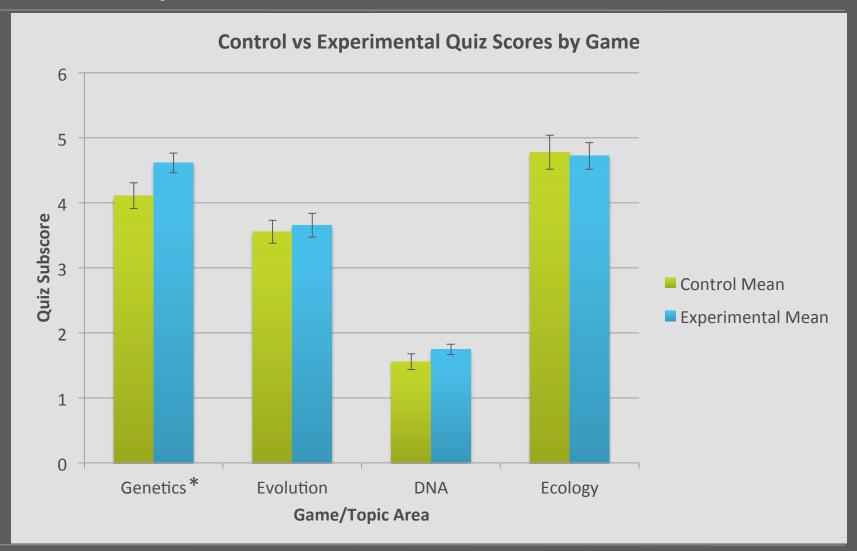
- Researchers
 - log game play patterns
 - collect student data



Game Play by Gender



Game Impact on Test Scores



Leveling Up?

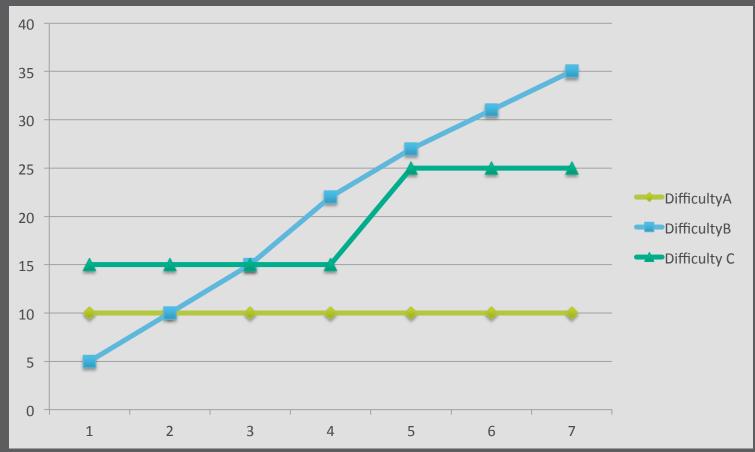
- How is score on each section impacted by...
 - Time spent playing
 - Levels completed

	Genetics	DNA	Evolution	Ecology
Time (10K)	039	.0647	223	Х
Level	.245	X	.0138	Х

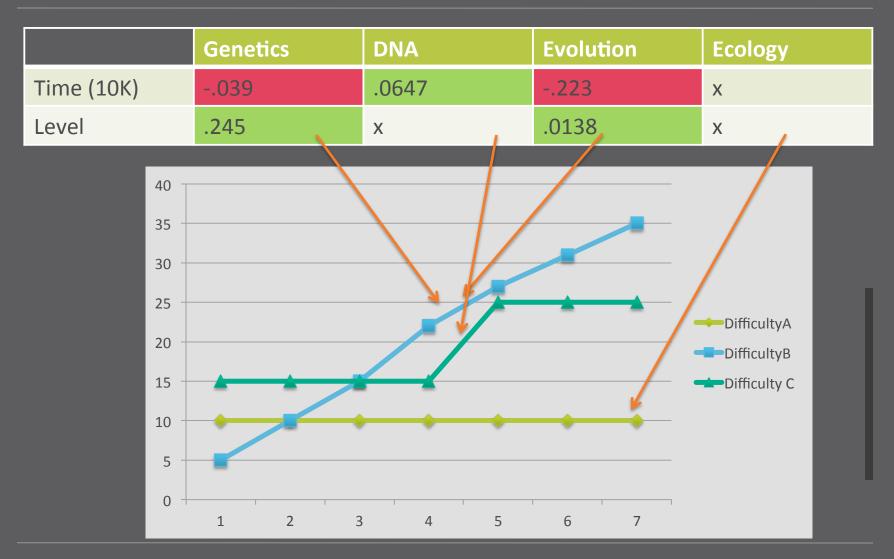


Do Games Work?

• Not all games are the same



What Makes Games Work?



Games as Treatments?



The Medical Model



Radix - An MMO for STEM Learning



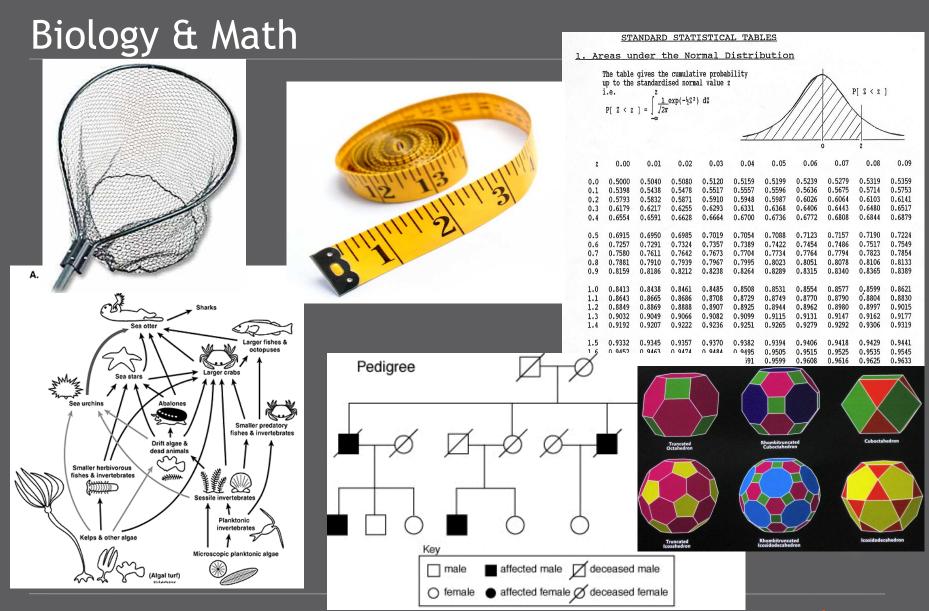


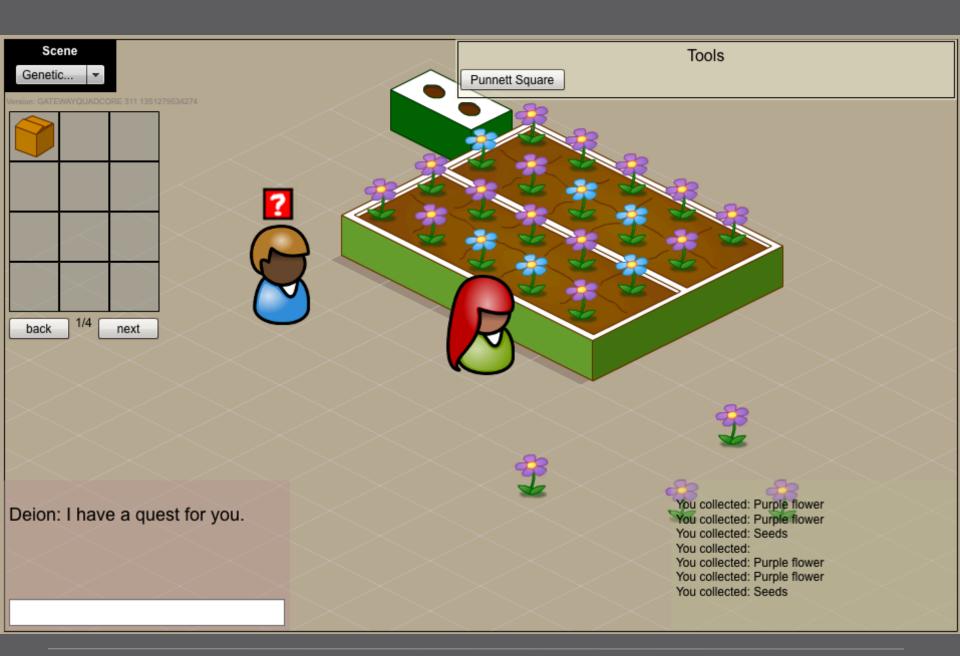
Why an MMOG

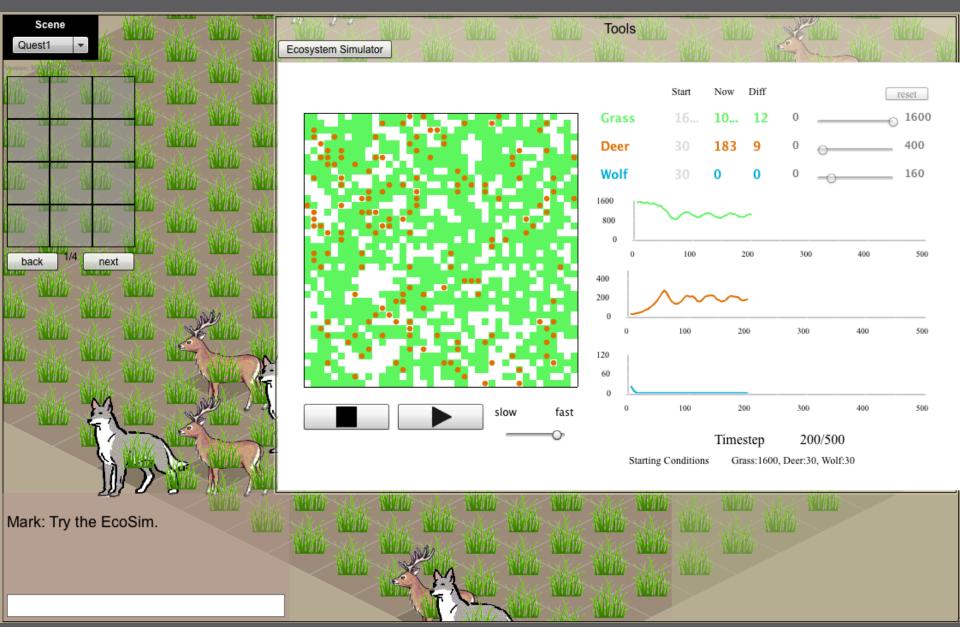
(Massively Multiplayer Online Game)

- Self-directed
- Collaborative
- Role-playing
- Inquiry-based
- Contextual









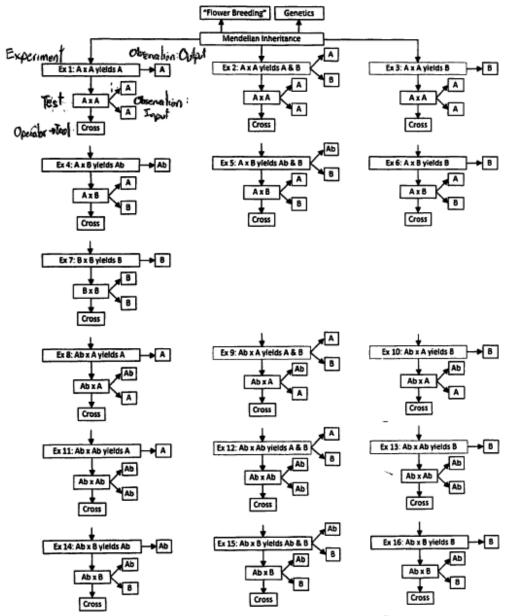
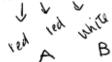


Figure 16: 16 Experiments of type A, Ab, and B flower breeding.





Home Screen

- Shows the progress of students on a quest.
 - Number of successes
 Number of attempts
 - Color coded where red means no success and green means always successful
 - Blue indicates a student has started a quest
 - Grey indicates a student has never started the quest.
- Class average computed at top.

MATH PERIOD 1 -



Hello Mr. Smith | Logout

SUCCESS RATES									
		Surface Are	Ratios						
Students	Box Builder Part 1	Box Builder Part 2	Box Builder Part 3	Box Builder Part 4	Scale Figure Drawing	Correct Map Part 1			
Class	63%	46%	58%	48%	61%	57%			
Alpha	2/2	3/4	5/5	1/2	1/1	1/2			
Bravo	0/4	The state of the s			1/5	2/4			
Charlie	2/4	0/5		art 1	2/2	1/3			
Delta	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/4	0/4				
Echo					1/1	1/3			
Foxtrot	1/1	1/1	2/5	2/4	1/4	1/5			
Golf	2/3	0/4		7 7 7 7	3/5	3/4			
Hotel	1/5	0/3			1/4	2/2			
India	3/4	1/3	2/5	1/2	4/5	0/5			
Juliet	1/5	2/5	1/2	2/4	1/1	1/2			
Kilo	4/4	2/3	1/3	4/4	3/4	1/1			
Lima	3/4	2/5			3/3				
Mike	1/5	3/4	4/4	4/5	1/3	4/5			
November	4/4	1/5	1/1	0/3	1/1	1/1			
Oscar	3/4	0/4							
Papa	3/3	2/2	1/1	0/2	1/1	1/4			
Rome					1/3	2/4			
Sierra	0/4	Low No.			4/4	1/2			
Tango	3/3	1/3	2/2	3/3	3/4	4/4			
Uniform	4/5	1/3	1/3	0/1	1/1	4/5			
Victor	3/3	4/4	2/5	1/5	4/4	2/4			
Whiskey	2/2	2/4	0/3		0/3				
Yankee	2/4	3/4	2/3		5/5	5/5			
Zulu	1/1	2/3	1/2	1/3	1/2	2/3			

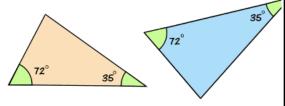




AA stands for "angle, angle" and means that the triangles have two of their

If two triangles have two of their angles equal, the triangles are \sin

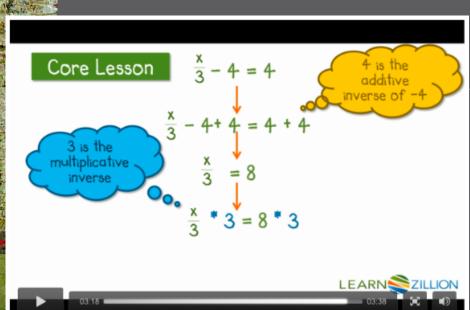
For example, these two triangles are similar:

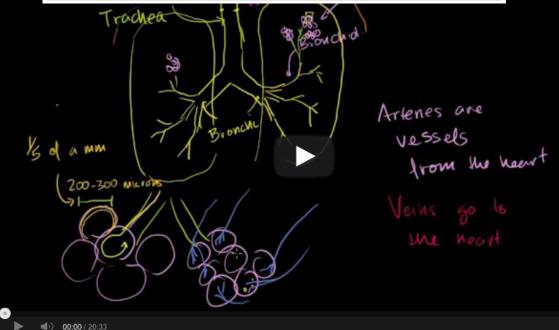


If two of their angles are equal, then the third angle must also be equal, be $\frac{1}{100}$

In this case the missing angle is 180° - $(72^{\circ} + 35^{\circ}) = 83^{\circ}$.

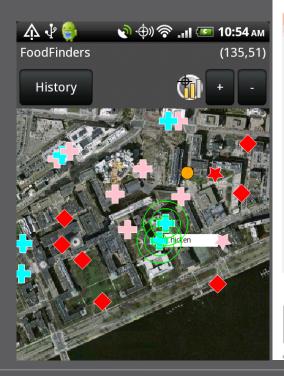
So AA could also be called AAA.





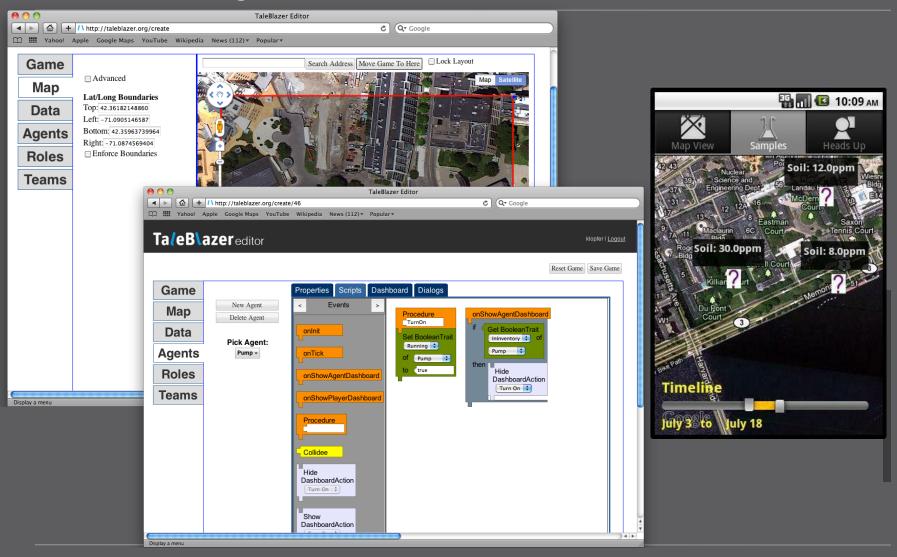
Augmented Reality Games

 Computer simulation on mobile device triggered by real world context





Kids Making Games



BioGraph

Graphical programming for constructing complex systems understanding in biology

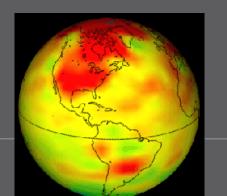




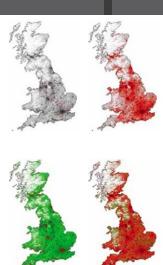


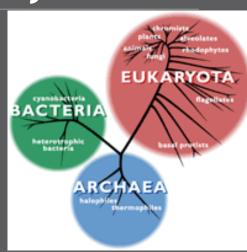
Science is Not Just for Scientists Anymore...

- Current public controversies
 - Global climate change
 - Evolution and origins of life
 - Spread of emerging diseases
- Are these simulations to be believed?
- Understanding these and future issues in science and society require understanding systems and simulations









Our Primary Goal

- Enable/empower students to "think scientifically"
 - Use the tools of scientists
 - Develop the habits of mind of scientists
- Science is driven by modeling and simulation

• How do we make this accessible conceptually &

technically to students?



Our Secondary Goal

- Increase interest/understanding of programming
 - Interest in building careers in much needed area
 - Understanding for all users of computers from macros to troubleshooting
- Yet, programming is on the decline
 - Programming classes are disappearing and relegated to those who are already interested
 - Outside of school opportunities are also scarce due to missing

expertise and perceived interest

New Paradigms for New Ideas

- Traditional pedagogies and technologies make some ideas accessible
- But leave others unapproachable

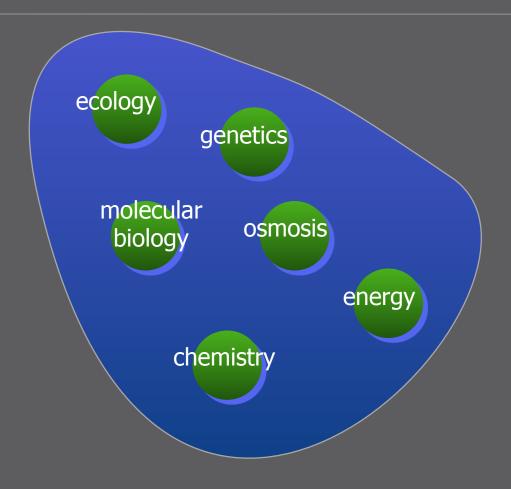


"In this demonstration, the students have isolated the effect of single variables on the growth of a bean plant"



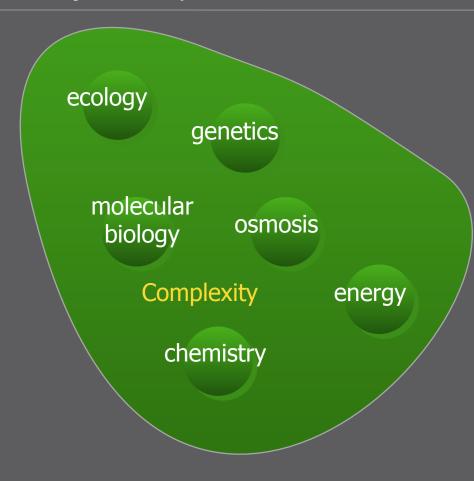
"In this experiment, the students have ignited a forest fire to study the effects of tree density on the spread of fires."

Islands of Science



- Science is traditionally thought of as islands of topics
- We learn bits of facts within subjects, and few connections between subjects

Complex Systems Connections



- Complex systems is a way of learning that transcends particular concepts and classes
- Understanding the common themes that arise in natural, artificial, and social systems
- Improve science understanding through CS

What Color is Your Box?

Black Box

Glass Box

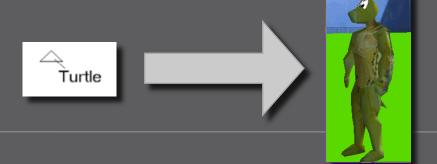




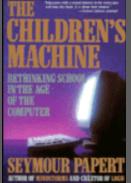
- Using simulations in the classroom has a lot of benefits (e.g. Phet, Pedagogica, Gizmos)
- Getting inside of them can change classroom practice and perspective and depth of student learning

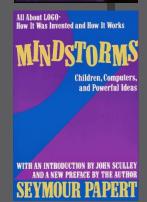
Constructivist Computational Heritage

- Seymour Papert
 - Programming/Logo
 - Learning to think through programming
- Hard fun
 - It is fun because it is hard
- Constructionism
 - Learning by creating
- New directions in a new millennium



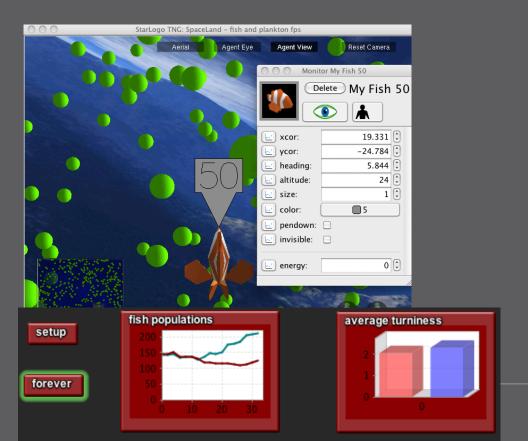


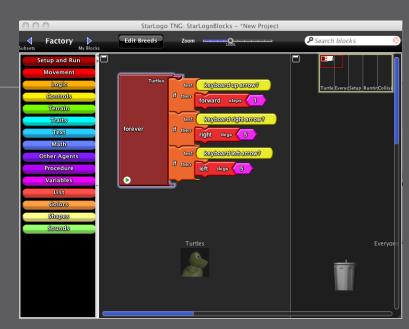


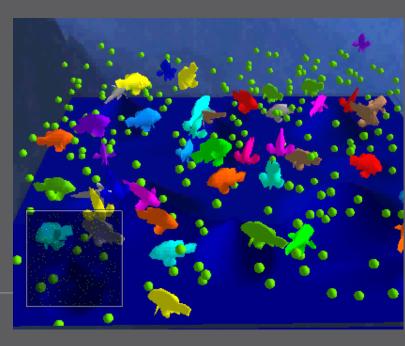


StarLogo TNG

- Easy and Playful
- 1st and 3rd person perspectives
- Blurring games and simulations



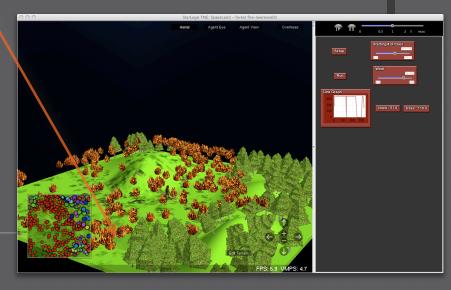




Understanding Complex Systems

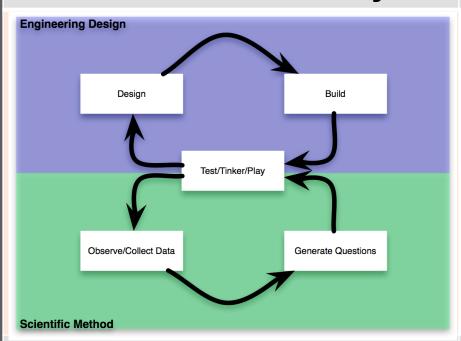
- Connecting individual actions to system-level behaviors
- Exploring many complex systems
 - Biological Systems
 - Social Systems
 - Etc.
- Analyzing data, assessing risk, designing and testing solutions





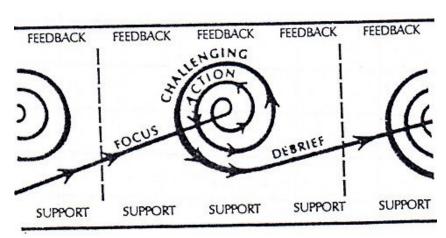
Cycles of Doing & Learning

Games & Simulation Cycle



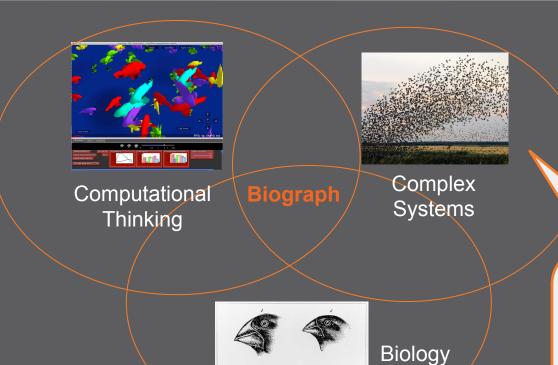
No single investigation needs to span the whole spectrum from design to building to data collection, but multiple experiences with different parts of this process contribute to an understanding of the role of simulations broadly.

Action Reflection Cycle



The Action-Reflection Cycle of Experiential Learning is a philosophical framework that closely matches much of the contemporary theory around using games in a classroom.

BioGraph Learning Model

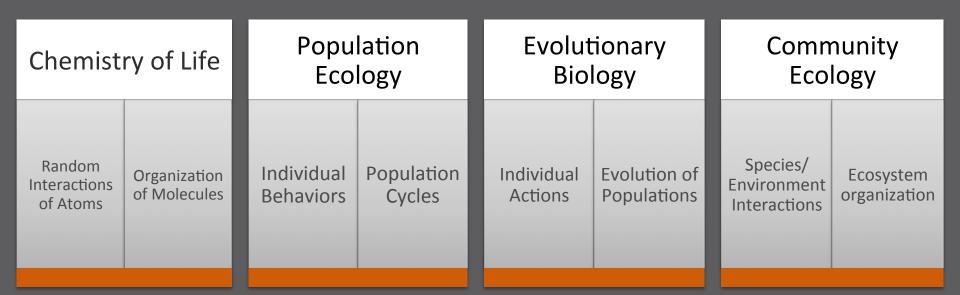


Predictability,
Processes, Order,
and Emergence
and Scale

- Develop 21st Century skills
- Learn biology concepts better
- Develop complex system and computational thinking

BioGraph Sequence

Integrating biology and complex systems learning in a defined sequence (with constraints)



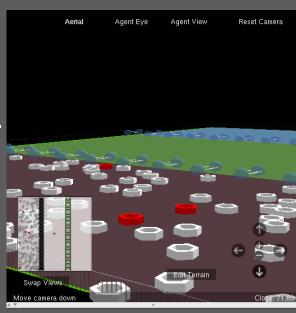
Ex: Sugar Transport (chemistry of life)

Biology Learning Objectives:

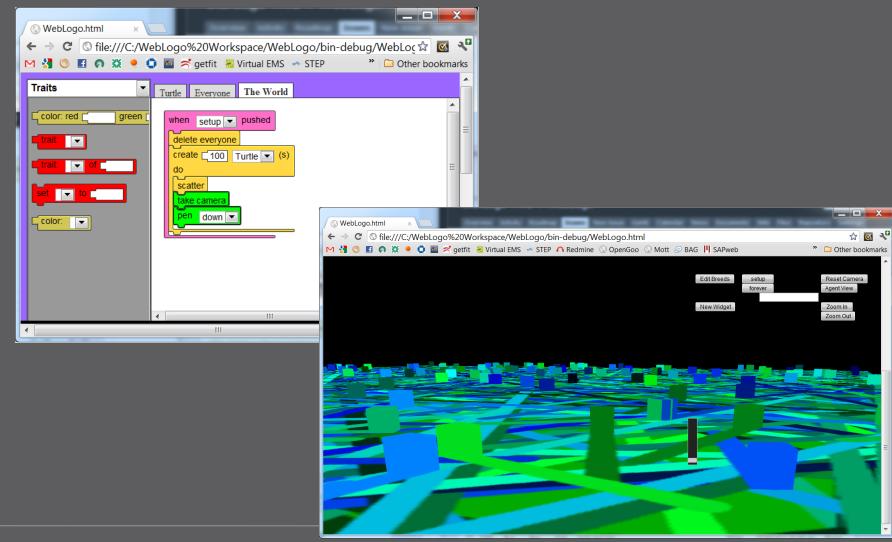
- Understand that nutrients move from the intestine through the epithelial cells into the blood stream.
- Understand that there are different types of transport proteins. Some allow nutrients to flow (facilitated transport/facilitated diffusion). Others use energy to force nutrients to flow (active and cotransport).

Complex Systems Learning Objectives:

 Understand that random processes can lead to predictable results.



"WebLogo"



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- -STEP/TEA MEng and UROPs
- <u>@eklopfer</u>
- •http://education.mit.edu
- •http://educationarcade.org

